§ 483.60

- (a) Skilled nursing facilities. A facility (1) Must provide or obtain from an outside resource, in accordance with §483.75(h) of this part, routine and emergency dental services to meet the needs of each resident;
- (2) May charge a Medicare resident an additional amount for routine and emergency dental services;
- (3) Must if necessary, assist the resident—
- (i) In making appointments; and
- (ii) By arranging for transportation to and from the dentist's office; and
- (4) Promptly refer residents with lost or damaged dentures to a dentist.
- (b) Nursing facilities. The facility (1) Must provide or obtain from an outside resource, in accordance with §483.75(h) of this part, the following dental services to meet the needs of each resident:
- (i) Routine dental services (to the extent covered under the State plan); and
 - (ii) Emergency dental services;
- (2) Must, if necessary, assist the resident—
 - (i) In making appointments; and
- (ii) By arranging for transportation to and from the dentist's office; and
- (3) Must promptly refer residents with lost or damaged dentures to a dentist.

[56 FR 48875, Sept. 26, 1991]

§ 483.60 Pharmacy services.

The facility must provide routine and emergency drugs and biologicals to its residents, or obtain them under an agreement described in §483.75(h) of this part. The facility may permit unlicensed personnel to administer drugs if State law permits, but only under the general supervision of a licensed nurse.

- (a) Procedures. A facility must provide pharmaceutical services (including procedures that assure the accurate acquiring, receiving, dispensing, and administering of all drugs and biologicals) to meet the needs of each resident.
- (b) Service consultation. The facility must employ or obtain the services of a licensed pharmacist who—
- (1) Provides consultation on all aspects of the provision of pharmacy services in the facility;
- (2) Establishes a system of records of receipt and disposition of all controlled

drugs in sufficient detail to enable an accurate reconciliation; and

- (3) Determines that drug records are in order and that an account of all controlled drugs is maintained and periodically reconciled.
- (c) Drug regimen review. (1) The drug regimen of each resident must be reviewed at least once a month by a licensed pharmacist.
- (2) The pharmacist must report any irregularities to the attending physician and the director of nursing, and these reports must be acted upon.
- (d) Labeling of drugs and biologicals. Drugs and biologicals used in the facility must be labeled in accordance with currently accepted professional principles, and include the appropriate accessory and cautionary instructions, and the expiration date when applicable.
- (e) Storage of drugs and biologicals. (1) In accordance with State and Federal laws, the facility must store all drugs and biologicals in locked compartments under proper temperature controls, and permit only authorized personnel to have access to the keys.
- (2) The facility must provide separately locked, permanently affixed compartments for storage of controlled drugs listed in Schedule II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1976 and other drugs subject to abuse, except when the facility uses single unit package drug distribution systems in which the quantity stored is minimal and a missing dose can be readily detected.

[56 FR 48875, Sept. 26, 1991, as amended at 57 FR 43925, Sept. 23, 1992]

§ 483.65 Infection control.

The facility must establish and maintain an infection control program designed to provide a safe, sanitary, and comfortable environment and to help prevent the development and transmission of disease and infection.

- (a) Infection control program. The facility must establish an infection control program under which it—
- (1) Investigates, controls, and prevents infections in the facility;
- (2) Decides what procedures, such as isolation, should be applied to an individual resident; and